

SENATOR DEPEW'S WEDDING.

TWO CHURCH CEREMONIES AT NICE YESTERDAY.

One in the Roman Catholic Church and One in the American Church, Where There Were Many Guests—The Wedding at Cherbourg Next Saturday.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
NICE, Dec. 28.—The religious ceremonies attending the wedding of Senator Chauncey M. Depew and Miss May Palmer were solemnized here to-day. The civil ceremony yesterday was performed by Mr. Van Buren, the American Consul.

Owing to the fact that the bride is a Roman Catholic, there were two religious services. The first was at the Roman Catholic Church of Notre Dame and the second at the American Church. In each case the witnesses were James Gordon Bennett and Count de Sers, who is the Senator's cousin by marriage, for Mr. Depew, and Baron von Andre and Baron de Castelnau for Miss Palmer.

The wedding at the Church of Notre Dame was very quiet. Only a few bridesmaids and bridesmaids, the American Consul and the relatives of the contracting parties were present. The latter included Mrs. Palmer, Senator Depew's niece, the Baroness Bresson and Viscount and Viscountess Bresson.

The American Church, which was crowded with English and American guests, was prettily decorated with ferns, roses and carnations.

A double line of American bluejackets was drawn up outside the church, to Senator Depew's evident surprise. Some twenty American naval officers were present, including Capt. Craig, acting commander of the European squadron, and Capt. Niles of the Nashville. By the side of the bride and bridesmaids the service was of the simplest possible character and was not choral. Miss Tucker, the principal contralto singer of the church, sang a solo, and Mr. Potter, the organist, played a selection from "Songs Without Words" during the ceremony.

The bride wore a simple gown of ivory satin with a train of white tulle.

The groom wore a tuxedo. The Rev. Mr. Adamson delivered the benediction.

The congregation included Consul Van Buren and Mrs. Van Buren, the Misses Ware of Philadelphia, and Hopfenstahl of Boston and Baroness Robecourt. Breakfast was served in the villa of the Countess de Sers, in the Avenue de Beaulieu. The address of the bride and groom is at the Hotel de Ville, near the American Consulate.

Senator and Mrs. Depew will remain at Nice until Tuesday. They will sail for the United States from Cherbourg next Saturday.

ITALY WOULD AID ARGENTINA.

Satisfaction in Rome Over Settlement With Chile—Delay in Signing Protocol.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

ROME, Dec. 28.—The reported settlement of the dispute between Chile and Argentina has been received with sincere satisfaction here. After much debate and many inquiries in the foreign offices of Europe, the Italian Government had to recognize that it was about to break out Italy would be bound to assume a leading part as an interested outsider, with all the risks which such a role involves. Orders were issued consequently to prepare a strong squadron for service in Argentine waters, and preparations were actually begun to that end.

While keeping short of openly waging war on Chile, Italian policy would have been to help Argentina in every possible way. This was Signor Crispien's policy and was approved by the late King Humbert and his cabinet when the Chilean-Argentine situation last seemed threatening.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—A news agency despatch from Buenos Ayres, dated yesterday, says that Dr. Alzorta, the Argentine Republic's Minister of Foreign Affairs, stated in an interview that he did not attach any importance to the incident arising out of the wording of the protocol between Argentina and Chile. He believed the matter would be definitely settled to-day. A news agency despatch from Valparaiso of yesterday's date says there was great excitement there over the report that Senator Portales, the Argentine Republic's Minister to Chile, had repudiated the protocol, owing to the way it was worded. The explanation offered by President Rioses, however, quickly removed all Senator Portales's doubts.

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LONDON'S PANTOMIMES.

Over the Hundred of Them on View This Season.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Boxing Night, the holiday following Christmas Day, was marked as usual by the opening of all pantomime performances in the theatres of the capital. There are now no less than 119 of these entertainments being staged in the London and suburban theatres. These do not include half a dozen non-traditional farcical plays especially suited to children and the holidays.

It is estimated that between 20,000 and 30,000 people watched the pantomimes on Thursday evening, Boxing Night. At Henry Lane's Theatre "Humpty Dumpty" was more than usually popular in its spectacular effects. It is of course London's chief pantomime and it cost the management \$100,000 before the curtain rose on the first performance. It features employment to between 500 and 600 men and women. The salary list starts from \$1,125 a week to the first lady, the Laurence family being the most prominent, down to a starting figure of \$100 a week to the children's chorus.

THE FIVE IS IT.
New Year's Reception to the Honorable Lord Salisbury.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

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ROBERTS DROPS VOLUNTEERS.

Men Who Cannot Give Necessary Time to Drill—Order Armes Discharge.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
LONDON, Dec. 28.—An army order dealing with the Volunteer service in Great Britain was published on Christmas Day and signed by Lord Roberts, Commander-in-Chief of the Army. It has aroused much debate throughout the country.

In the first place the Volunteers who have hitherto been in the service are considered to have been slighted by what is practically a statement in the order that they have been useless in the past. This is considered to be conveyed in passages such as one which says:

"For some years past the Volunteer force has constantly claimed to be seriously accepted as a reliable and organized section of the army for home defence. It is now determined that the responsibility claimed shall be assumed. Under the regulations it was impossible for an officer or Volunteer to attain the high standard requisite to enable him to take his appointed place in military organization and defence of the kingdom."

The order declares that the annual camp with which the year's training should culminate is indispensable. It recognizes that the civil employment of many Volunteers does not admit of their complying with the minimum of conditions necessary for an effective course of training and that therefore the service of such Volunteers must be lost in the future. It holds as against this that a smaller number of more highly trained men is preferable. For that reason the enrollment of Volunteers must be given an adequate time to service in military camps will henceforward not be permitted.

The Spectator considers that the War Office contemplates too calmly the loss of men which will thus be entailed; and in other quarters the opinion is generally expressed that the encouragement of good rifle shooting and marksmanship in the service of England than camp drilling. It is beyond question that the new regulation will cause a considerable diminution in the Volunteer forces, especially of officers.

ITO'S MISSION TO LONDON.

Wants Imperial Aid in Preventing Exclusion of Japanese From Australia.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The Marquis Ito, who is now in London, loses no opportunity of making it known that his visit is entirely one of pleasure and that when he left Japan he had no intention of coming to England. The latter statement is undoubtedly correct, for it is well known that he altered his plans while he was in the United States on receipt of a cable request from the Japanese Government to go to London and see what could be done to bring imperial influence to bear upon the Australian Commonwealth Government to agree to exclude the Japanese from the scope of the colored immigration legislation.

Marquis Ito discussed the question with Lord Lansdowne at the Foreign Office yesterday. He doubtless referred to it in the course of his long audience with the King, but the most important interview the Marquis will have in this direction will be with Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, the date for which has already been fixed. The Marquis expressed great admiration for Chamberlain's character and ability. He will find him sympathetic enough, no doubt, but certainly too astute to interfere directly with the Australian Commonwealth in such delicate business.

Opinion here universally favors discrimination in favor of the Japanese, and it is well known that one of the chief objects of high imperial policy is to have the closest understanding with Japan. All accounts agree, however, that the feeling in Australia is very bitter on this subject, making it dangerous for the home Government to try to use any undue pressure on a great self-governing federation.

PRICE PUT ON CLYDE SHIPYARDS.

Story That Americans Want to Buy Them Is Confirmed.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 28.—The Journal of Commerce, which has been investigating the story that Americans are buying up the Clyde shipyards, finds that while there is no need for apprehension, yet the matter is more serious than many in the trade supposed. An American lawyer who has been distinguished in the formation of trusts and who was the chief operator in the deal leading to the establishment of the American cotton syndicate, visited the Clyde shipyards and others to discuss the matter. It is believed that one of the builders he approached estimated the low figure for the purchase of the yards which would receive consideration at \$20,000,000. This sum exceeded the expectation of the agent and he left. He stated his intention of returning later on.

The ship-building statistics of Great Britain for 1901 show that 2,330 vessels were launched in the United Kingdom, representing 1,971,675 tons and 1,478,918 horsepower, compared with 1,248 vessels, 1,080,706 tons, and 1,272,020 indicated horsepower in the year 1900. These launches included 870 ships representing 857,000 tons for foreign and colonial owners.

The output of the Clyde shipyards for the past year was the largest on record. For the first time it totaled over half a million of tons, the total tonnage being 1,478,918 tons, compared with 1,248 vessels, 1,080,706 tons, and 1,272,020 indicated horsepower in the year 1900.

SENDING DEPORTS TO PRISON.
British System Has a Record Since Its Inauguration.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—There is a popular impression that imprisonment for debt has been abolished in Great Britain. The County Court returns for 1900 which are just published show that 8,000 debtors were imprisoned during that year. Embarrassment they were imprisoned for, however, was not failing to pay after the due date of a County Court had ordered them to do so.

The imprisonment of debtors was the rule in the past.

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TERMS OF PEACE FOR BOERS.

KITCHENER NOW DEALING WITH THE LEADERS IN THE FIELD.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
LONDON, Dec. 28.—During the past week there has been a continuance of those indefinite and contradictory rumors regarding steps toward the reestablishment of peace in South Africa, which have been prevalent for many weeks now. There has not been even the slightest intimation from any official source on which these rumors could be based, but the belief that there is a good foundation for them increases steadily.

The following information comes from a source which there is every reason to believe is accurate and trustworthy. Negotiations for peace, informal but extremely promising, are actually proceeding between Lord Kitchener and the Boer leaders in the field. Lord Kitchener, thanks mainly to the influence of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, England's Chancellor of the Exchequer, has a free hand, subject only to reference on political matters to Lord Milner.

Gon. Louis Botha has already received assurances that the burned homesteads of the Boers will be rebuilt at the cost of the British Imperial exchequer. He has also been informed that if possible can be arranged for the Boer leaders to be permitted to return to their country within twelve months of the official proclamation of a settlement and that within the same period an amnesty, which shall include the convicted Cape rebels will be declared for all bona fide acts of war.

Practically the only question of importance still at issue is the form and extent of local self-government which shall be allowed the burghers of the Transvaal and Orange River Colonies. Even that, according to present information, does not present insuperable obstacles.

If the Boers obtain the terms here indicated their heroic endurance will undoubtedly have received the reward which it has earned. The result of the negotiations of Lord Kitchener and other Commandants may for a time make it more difficult to persuade some of the most irreconcilable of the Boer leaders to abandon the unequal contest. It now seems certain that whatever part the Boer representatives now in Holland may take subsequently, the first negotiations must be with the leaders in the field.

BELIEVE IN WAKEFIELD.

London Agents of Ditton Park Stand by American Lessee—Others Doubt.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Garvey & Gook, the house agents for Ditton Park, Windsor, believe that the W. Curtis Wakefield who is in jail at Cambridge, Mass., on a charge of larceny in connection with some skyrocketing schemes, is not identical with the American lessee of Ditton Park. They say the references of the W. Curtis Wakefield with whom they dealt came from some of the highest personages in the United States, who vouched for his standing. Wakefield gave his address as 983 Fifth Avenue, New York, and his age as 23. He said he had just been married and was spending his honeymoon in England. He sailed for New York on his return on Dec. 8.

Further inquiries show that Wakefield's assertions were doubted in some quarters, and it is now thought that he is probably identical with the man of that name now under arrest in Massachusetts. While here he lived in great style at a fashionable hotel. The references he gave included the names of Admiral Dewey and other public men so important that at first it was thought they must have been forged. It is stated, however, that they were subsequently verified, at least to the satisfaction of most people here. Mr. Wakefield tried to rent Devereux Castle, but his bid was not successful.

TRIBUTE TO COMMANDER YOUNG.

Cubans Farewell to Recalled Official—Jury Firm to Get Havana Contract.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

HAVANA, Dec. 28.—Commander Lucien Young, the captain of the port who has been recalled by Secretary of the Navy Long because of an interview on Cuban politics which he gave to a Louisville newspaper while on a visit to the United States, sailed for New York to-day on the steamer Morro Castle. Commander and Mrs. Young gave a farewell reception yesterday, which was attended by over 2,000 persons. Commander Young was popular with all classes, and the guests included many of the Cuban nobility and the Cuban army and navy.

The contract for the sewerage and paving of Havana is to be given to McQuinn & Bokerly of Jersey City, whose bid was \$10,393,915. Gov. Wood has written a letter to the Ayuntamiento to this effect. The work will not begin until the money is raised. Then the Ayuntamiento will draw up the contract.

POSTING SPEECHES IN FRANCE.

Custom Is Expensive, and a Cartel Must Be Expended.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—A member of the Chamber of Deputies called the attention of the House just before the Christmas vacation to the traditional practice of having the important speeches of Ministers printed and posted on the doors of the House of Representatives. Each speech is accompanied by a small card which is placed on the door of the House of Representatives.

SMITHSONIAN AT SUNDAY HOUSE.
Spread of the Museum in London Palace.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The Smithsonian Institution is now in the process of spreading its branches in London. The Smithsonian Institution is now in the process of spreading its branches in London.

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DE WET'S BLOW TO BRITISH.

Fifty-seven Killed and Half the Command Captured at Twentyn.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
LONDON, Dec. 28.—In a despatch to the War Office, Lord Kitchener gives further details of the action at Twentyn on Dec. 24, when Gen. De Wet rushed the camp of Col. Fynn, who commanded four companies of Imperial Yeomanry. He says:

"The column was encamped on a solitary kopje whose southern side was almost precipitous. The outposts on the northern side were well pushed out. The position, which was naturally a strong one, had also been entrenched. The night was moonlight and cloudy. Details have not been received, but it is stated that the Boers climbed the precipitous southern side and collected near the top."

"At 3 o'clock in the morning the Boers suddenly attacked the pickets on the summit in superior numbers. Before the men in the camp were able to get clear of the tents the Boers rushed through, shooting them as they were coming out. The officers were shot while trying to stem the tide. Lieut. Harsholt, who worked the pom-pom, was shot through the heart. There was no panic among our men. All did their best."

"Including the casualties, half the column is now at Elands River bridge. The remainder are prisoners. Two wagon loads of dead and wounded Boers were removed from the scene of the action. The Boers numbered 1,300 and were under command of De Wet, who behaved well, leaving men to attend to the wounded."

"The Imperial Light Horse, which was fourteen miles distant, arrived at 6:40 A. M., and pursued the Boers, but without effect." The War Office prints a list of casualties in the fight at Twentyn. These include: Killed, 6 officers, 11 non-commissioned officers and 40 privates; seriously wounded, 8 officers, and missing, 5 officers.

IRISH OBJECT TO 'O. H. M. S.'

Don't Want Their Work Labeled 'On His Majesty's Service.'

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—At the last meeting of the Board of Guardians of Roscommon County, Ireland, strong objections were raised by members to the use of the printed initials "O. H. M. S." on the envelopes of the Board of Guardians.

Notice of motion was given to abolish the practice; the objectors declared that the initials on their work were a badge of subjugation to a base and barbarous race. They suggested the substitution of some national emblem or lettering, such as "On the People's Service."

TO WELCOME THE CHINESE CRAFT.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

PERIN, Dec. 28.—The baggage of the members of the court has begun to arrive. Many Chinese, with their wives and children, are coming to the court for the purpose of meeting the royal procession. Prince Ching and the other high officials expect to leave here for the same purpose after the members of the Diplomatic Corps have made their New Year's calls.

BOY DIES OF HYDROPHOBIA.

Bitten a Month Ago by a Dog Which Was Not Mad, Its Owner Says.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

Clement Kierman, the six-year-old son of Isaac Kierman of Engine Company 12, Jersey City, was bitten on the right cheek by a dog on Nov. 27. The wound was cauterized by the family doctor and healed so rapidly that the boy was able to go to school a few days later. The dog, which was a pointer, was shot and killed by the owner, who says it was not mad. The boy's wound was not infected, and he is now recovering from the effects of the bite.

Christmas Tree for Hospital Nurses.
Dr. and Mrs. William Todd Helmholtz, Jr., gave a Christmas entertainment Friday evening to the nurses of the training school attached to Flower Hospital. The entertainment was given in the dining hall of the school and was attended by the medical staff of the hospital and school as well as by the nurses. The entertainment was a most successful one, and the nurses were very much pleased with it.

SON OF QUEEN WILHELMINA'S CHAPLAIN.

Accused.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

MCKENZIE, Mich., Dec. 28.—Charges of conduct unbecoming a minister have been preferred against the Rev. Mr. H. A. Vandenberg, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church of this city. Members of the presbytery are expected here next week to investigate. Mr. Vandenberg is the son of the late H. Vandenberg, spiritual adviser of the household of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland.

George H. in Grand Central Station.
George A. Morrison, principal of the Union High School at Idaho Ferry, was seized with convulsions yesterday afternoon in the Grand Central Station while waiting for a train for home. He was taken to the hospital, where he is now recovering from the attack. The cause of the attack is not known.

Bel Preston.
Bel Preston, daughter of Charles M. Preston, former State Representative of Boston, and now general manager of the Boston Commonwealth Trust Company, was married to Mr. J. B. Preston, son of J. B. Preston, former State Representative of Boston, and now general manager of the Boston Commonwealth Trust Company, on Thursday evening, December 28, at 8 o'clock.

His New Landing Bank of New York.
A second new bank building which will cost about \$100,000, has been ordered by the Board of Directors of the New York City and County Bank. The building will be located on the corner of Broadway and Broadway Street, and will be the largest bank building in New York City.

Attorney of Pennsylvania's Capital.
HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 28.—James M. Houston of Philadelphia today was appointed attorney of the new capital of Pennsylvania.

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ATTACHES CRUDE RUBBER CO.

HENRY EATON BANK ACTS ON A PROTESTED \$5,000 NOTE.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
GEORGE WATKINSON & CO. OF PHILADELPHIA MADE THE NOTE AND THE COMPANY INDORSED IT—OFFICE OF THE COMPANY SAYS IT IS ONLY A DISPUTED ACCOUNT.

An attachment for \$5,000 was obtained here yesterday against George Watkinson & Co., manufacturers of rubber boots and shoes at Philadelphia, and against the Crude Rubber Company, whose offices are at 25 Broad Street, this city, in favor of the Henry Eaton Bank of Long Island. The attachment is a note made by George Watkinson & Co. on Aug. 10, payable at Philadelphia on Dec. 23, which was indorsed by the Crude Rubber Company and which, it is alleged, was not paid at maturity and went to protest.

The attachment was obtained on the ground that George Watkinson & Co. are residents of Philadelphia and that the Crude Rubber Company is a Virginia corporation.

At the office of the Crude Rubber Company it was said yesterday that Paul De Lacy Lieberman, the treasurer, had gone for the day and that he was the only person who could say anything about the finances of the company. Henry Earle, the Vice-President and general manager said that he was not at home, but that he would be in the office at 10 o'clock to-day. A report was current in the trade that the company was about to sell \$100,000 worth of crude rubber. Mr. Earle said he was quite too busy trying to sell rubber to make any statement whatever concerning the attachment or to see a reporter.

Mr. Lieberman said last evening that when he left his office in the afternoon there was no attachment, and that it was absurd to get out an attachment against such a corporation for so small a sum. He said that he knew of the note given by the Crude Rubber people and that it was not paid, but because of any pecuniary inability, but because of a dispute over the accounts between the two concerns. The attachment, he pronounced a "mistake" on somebody's part. As to the report of the million-dollar deal, or million-dollar rubber sale, or of a possible merger of the Crude Rubber Company and the Philadelphia concern, Mr. Lieberman said that all such matters were purely private business and that he could say nothing about them.

The Crude Rubber Company was organized on Feb. 26, 1897, with a capital stock of \$1,000,000 of which \$400,000 is preferred stock and \$600,000 common stock. George